

South Plains College improves each student's life.

JULY 2015

Introduction

South Plains College has made a significant commitment to accountability and quality with the adoption of a comprehensive institutional effectiveness program. This planning and assessment process is based on successful accomplishments of the College's vision and mission within the context of an institutional plan and as measured by student and institutional outcomes.

To ensure effectiveness, South Plains College has embraced a process of continuous organizational improvement designed to improve the way the work of the institution is done and to accomplish the goals and objectives of the institution. The College has established a five-year strategic planning cycle that sets institutional goals based on a review of the College's vision, mission, role and scope, and commitment statements. Each goal is reached through a set of priority objectives and outcomes. These goals, objectives and outcomes formulate the College's *Institutional Plan* and provide the framework for the development of operational objectives on departmental and program levels.

A companion assessment process measures the extent to which the College accomplishes its mission through its *Institutional Plan*. The College has identified these indicators as Critical Success Factors (CSF) and Indicators of Institutional Effectiveness which map the College's performance against high standards. The College uses this process to monitor its effectiveness and make necessary adjustments in programs and services.

A yearly update of the institutional effectiveness program is presented to the South Plains College Board of Regents. The document used to convey these annual results is the *Institutional Effectiveness Performance Report.* The 2013-2014 *Performance Report* presents the most recent available assessment results recorded for Year 5 of the 2009-2014 *Institutional Plan.*

For additional information about the institutional effectiveness program at South Plains College or to address questions, contact the Office of Institutional Advancement, South Plains College, 1401 S. College Ave., Levelland, Texas 79336. Telephone: (806) 716-2217 or (806) 716-2218.

Critical Success Factors and Indicators of Institutional Effectiveness

Institutional effectiveness is at the heart of what an institution does. South Plains College believes that its institutional effectiveness process will improve teaching and learning and contribute to the attainment of the College's vision and validation of its mission.

South Plains College measures its performance through an outcome-based assessment process. The College has identified six factors that are critical to its success as an institution of higher learning. Through these Critical Success Factors, SPC maintains a comprehensive evaluation system that measures the extent to which institutional goals and objectives are accomplished. These Critical Success Factors include the following.

Dynamic Educational Programs and Quality Instruction Educational Program Outcomes Quality Student and Support Services Economic Development and Community Involvement Effective Leadership and Management Collaborative Organizational Climate

To monitor progress and achievement in each of these areas, the College has identified 26 key performance indicators. Benchmarks (standards) have been developed for each of these measures. The results of performance are compared against these benchmarks and indicate how well the College has achieved its stated goals and objectives. The achievement of the identified Critical Success Factors is positive proof of the College's effectiveness. This system of outcome assessment against critical success factors is illustrated in the table found on page 6.

The indicators and benchmarks and their supporting measurement criteria are the observed, quantified or qualified results of performance. The collected data provide valuable information for those making decisions about the future direction of the College. The following section contains the identified benchmarks for evaluation and the review of data which describes the College's performance in each critical success area. Interpretation of the findings is provided for each benchmark and if the standard was not met, an action plan for the next year (2014-15) has been developed.

Definition of Critical Success Factors

CSF A: DYNAMIC EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS AND QUALITY INSTRUCTION

The primary mission of South Plains College is to provide quality educational programs that prepare students for transfer to a university or to enter the workplace. Faculty design curricula to develop students' competencies, skills and general knowledge in order to be successful in a rapidly changing world. The quality of instruction received by the student in these programs is an essential contributor to student success. At the same time, these curricula address the needs and expectations of transfer institutions, employers in business and industry, and accrediting bodies.

CSF B: EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM OUTCOMES

The success the educational program of South Plains College is measured by the success of students as they attain their goals and master learning outcomes. These goals may include remaining in college and graduating in a field of study, attaining specific job skills, successfully transferring to a university, obtaining employment in the workplace, obtaining licensure in certain professions, and performing well in their chosen careers.

CSF C: QUALITY STUDENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES

South Plains College provides opportunities for widely diverse populations to access its educational programs and services. To successfully respond to these constituencies, the College continually assesses the needs and satisfaction levels of its students, alumni and employers. This information is used to provide appropriate programs, services, facilities, technology and resources to assist students in achieving their goals.

CSF D: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

The College supports economic and workforce development by providing educational programs that facilitate the training of entry-level workers and the retraining of current workers, based on local business and industry demands. South Plains College faculty, staff and students are actively involved in the community and its development. At the same time, the community is actively engaged in the events, activities and programs of the College.

CSF E: EFFECTIVE LEADERSHIP & MANAGEMENT

To be effective, the College must be accountable to the citizens and students who provide resources. This accountability includes demonstrating effective leadership, cooperative planning, resource management, acquisition of resources and the development of facilities and technology in order to accomplish college goals.

CSF F: COLLABORATIVE ORGANIZATIONAL CLIMATE

The culture of an organization powerfully influences the performance of its members, the use of resources, and the quality of its programs and services. South Plains College seeks to promote a collaborative institutional climate through a shared institutional vision and common organizational values. Decision-making and resource allocation reflect these values and are influenced by broad input from college employees.

Comparative Standards

The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board has developed, in consultation with the state's community colleges, the Community College Accountability System which reports the performance of the state's 50 community college districts in the areas of participation, success, and excellence. Key measures and contextual measures for each of these areas are defined and data are collected and reported on an annual basis. South Plains College has incorporated a number of these measures and standards, as reported in this *Institutional Effectiveness Performance Report*, into its overall system of outcome assessment. As a result, SPC's performance is compared against the performance of all Texas community colleges, as well as a Large College Peer Group that is based on enrollment. The following institutions form the Large College Peer Group.

Amarillo College, Amarillo, Texas Blinn College, Brenham and Bryan/College Station, Texas Central Texas College, Killeen, Texas Del Mar College, Corpus Christi, Texas Laredo Community College, Laredo, Texas Navarro College, Corsicana, Texas North Central Texas College, Gainesville, Texas South Plains College, Levelland, Lubbock and Plainview, Texas Tyler Junior College, Tyler, Texas

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CRITICAL		INDICA	INDICATORS OF INSTITUTIONAL EFFECTIVENESS	STITUTION	AAL EFFEC	LIVENESS	
FACTORS	1	2	ĸ	4	5	9	2
CSF-A DYNAMIC EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS & QUALITY INSTRUCTION	Curriculum Review & Planning	Accreditation	Articulation Agreements	Student Satisfaction of Instruction	Employer Satisfaction of Graduates	Faculty Qualifications & Instruction	
CSF-B EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Course Completion	Graduation Rates	Academic Transfer & Performance	Technical Program Placement	Licensure Passage	Success in Developmental Education	Personal Growth and Goal Attainment
CSF-C QUALITY STUDENT & SUPPORT SERVICES	Access, Participation & Equity	Assessment of Programs & Services	Retention & Persistence				
CSF-D ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT	Education in Support of Economic Development	Interaction with the Community	Partnerships & Alliances				
CSF-E EFFECTIVE LEADERSHIP & MANAGEMENT	Cooperative Planning & Goal Attainment	Management of Resources	Acquisition of Public/Private Resources	Facility Development			
CSF-F COLLABORATIVE ORGANIZATIONAL CLIMATE	Ongoing Professional Development	Employee Diversity	Employee Satisfaction				

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CSF A: Dynamic Educational Programs and Quality Instruction

Measurement A-1: Curriculum Review and Planning

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

A-1.1 The number of curriculum changes each year will be within the normal limits of variation from year to year or the reasons for the extra variation will be known.

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	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Curriculum Changes	69	55	212	119	153	222
Control Limit	206	206	206	206	206	206

NUMBER OF CURRICULUM CHANGES ANNUAL REPORT TO THE BOARD

SOURCE: Office of Academic Affairs

Data Analysis: South Plains College provides an up-to-date curriculum to meet the needs of students, transfer institutions and service area constituents. The curriculum is reviewed annually by faculty and revisions are made accordingly. For 2013-14, all technical programs were revised to align with revisions made to the Workforce Education Course Manual and a new state requirement to limit associate degrees to 60 semester credit hours. For the most recent period, the annual number of changes is above the upper control limit which is calculated as two standard deviations above the mean for a 12-year population trend. However, the reason for the extra variations is known. The lower control limit was updated for most recent year.

The standard is met.

Measurement A-2: Accreditation

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

A-2.1 Individual educational programs subject to accreditation by external review bodies shall achieve re-accreditation status with a minimum of recommendations.

Status Report: The following programs received accreditation or certification by external review bodies.

- South Plains College received reaffirmation of accreditation with no follow-up reports from the Board of Trustees of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges. Date of last review: July 2014.
- Associate Degree Nursing Program received continuing accreditation from the Accrediting Commission for Education in Nursing. Last date of review: July 2014.
- Law Enforcement Police Academy. Approved and licensed by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education. Date of last review: July 2014.
- Fire Academy. Approved and licensed by the Texas Commission on Fire Protection. Date of last review: February 2014.

Measurement A-3: Articulation Agreements

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

- A-3.1 South Plains College will maintain articulation agreements with 100% of all accredited universities in the College's service area.
- **Status Report:** South Plains College maintains active articulation agreements with the following accredited universities that are located within the College's service area: Texas Tech University, Lubbock Christian University and Wayland Baptist University. Additionally, articulation agreements are maintained with the following universities located outside the College's service area: West Texas A&M University, Eastern New Mexico University, Midwestern University, Sul Ross State University and Angelo State University.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

A.3-2 South Plains College will maintain articulation agreements with all public Independent School Districts, private schools and charter schools in the college's service area.

Data Elements	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Total Service Area ISDs	49	49	49
CTE Agreements	49	49	49
Dual Credit Agreements	67	67	74
Percent Involvement	100%	100%	100%

NUMBER OF ARTICULATION AGREEMENTS WITH SERVICE AREA ISDS

SOURCE: Office of Academic Affairs

Data Analysis: The College maintains some form of articulation agreement with 100% of the public school districts in the College's service area. In some districts, multiple agreements are maintained. An active partnership with the Region 17 Education Service Center ITV network has allowed the College to expand dual credit articulation efforts and deliver additional courses beyond its service area. A total of 51 school districts are served by the College through this network. Additionally, the College has established dual credit partnerships outside its service area, expanding the number of dual credit agreements to 74 for 2013-14. Options to offer home-schooled students dual credit through the College's early admissions policy have also been implemented. Federal funding that supported the South Plains Tech Prep Partnership was discontinued by Congress for 2011-12. The Partnership provided a number of services to support career and technical education articulation in participating school districts. The administration of these articulation agreements and activities has been transferred to the Office of the Dean of Technical Education. The Technical Dean and College will work with its career and technical education (CTE) partners to develop a plan for sustaining successful CTE activities and services for participating high schools.

Measurement A-4: Student Satisfaction with Instruction

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

A-4.1 Students participating in the annual faculty evaluation survey will rate their level of satisfaction with courses and instruction above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale) in all categories.

Data Elements	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Rating of Face to Face Instruction	4.67	4.68	4.66	4.58	4.69
Rating of ITV Instruction	4.03	4.24	4.60	4.34	4.38
Rate of Online Instruction	4.14	4.16	4.20	4.44	4.15
Rating of Dual Credit Instruction	4.19	4.47	4.36	4.42	4.61

STUDENT EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTION ANNUAL REPORT TO THE BOARD

SOURCE: Office of Academic Affairs

Data Analysis: Instruction is rated annually by students through the faculty evaluation process. SPC students continue to rate their overall level of satisfaction with instruction very high. Beginning with the 2009 fall semester, evaluation results were disaggregated by method of instructional delivery. For all methods of delivery, the mean rating for student satisfaction exceeds the 3.5 benchmark. Student evaluation of instruction is monitored by the Academic Affairs Office and the Faculty Evaluation Committee.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

- A-4.2 Technical graduates will rate their level of satisfaction of program training in relation to job above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale) in all survey categories.
- Action Plan: Recent data for this measure has not been collected. A Graduate Follow-up Survey was developed and piloted with a 2007 graduate cohort (December 2006 grads and May 2007 grads). The survey was also administered to the 2008 graduate cohort (December 2007 and May 2008 grads). In both surveys, respondents expressed above average satisfaction with preparation for job and/or additional study beyond their degree or certificate. Full implementation of the graduate follow-up system has been delayed due to a number of factors. The College has established the Office of Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment which will be assigned the task of implementing the follow-up system. The Director of Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment will consult with the Institutional Effectiveness Committee and the Instructional Council to develop guidelines and procedures for implementing the graduate follow-up system during the 2015-16 academic year.

- A-4.3 Arts and Sciences graduates will rate their level of satisfaction with instruction above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale) in all survey categories.
- Action Plan: Data for this measure has not been collected. Development of an Arts and Sciences Graduate Follow-up Survey to provide data for this performance measure has been delayed due to a number of factors. The College has established the Office of Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment which will be assigned the task of implementing this graduate follow-up system. The Director of Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment will consult with the Institutional Effectiveness Committee and the Instructional Council to develop and pilot an Arts and Sciences Graduate Follow-up Survey instrument in the 2015-16 academic year and will operationalize the follow-up system in 2016-17.

Measurement A-5: Employer Satisfaction with Graduates

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

- A-5.1 Employers of SPC graduates will rate their satisfaction of technical training received in relation to job requirements above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale) in all survey categories.
- Action Plan: Recent data for this measure has not been collected. An Employer Survey was developed and piloted in 2008-09 with 86 regional employers responding to the survey. Respondents rated their level of satisfaction with survey statements on a scale of 1 (Not at all satisfied) to 5 (Very satisfied). For all "overall satisfaction" statements, responding employers expressed above-average satisfaction with the education and training SPC technical graduates received. Surveying of employers for subsequent graduate cohorts has not been initiated because of budgetary and time constraints. The College has established the Office of Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment which will be assigned the task of implementing this graduate follow-up system. The Director of Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment will consult with the Institutional Effectiveness Committee and the Instructional Council to develop a plan to implement the Employer Survey during the 2015-16 academic year.

Measurement A-6: Faculty Qualifications and Instruction

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

A-6.1 The College will employ full-time faculty members whose degrees are presented by regionally accredited institutions, whose educational credentials meet or exceed the SACSCOC standards, or whose qualifications meet the standards for exceptions described in the SACSCOC Criteria.

Data Elements	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Total Academic Faculty	159	170	166
No. Meeting SACS Criteria	159	170	166
Percent Compliance	100%	100%	100%
Total Technical Faculty	120	113	117
No. Meeting SACS Criteria	120	112	114
Percent Compliance	100%	99.1%	97.4%

PERCENTAGE OF FACULTY MEETING SACS QUALIFICATIONS CRITERIA

SOURCE: Office of Academic Affairs

Data Analysis: South Plains College seeks to employ full-time faculty members who meet the educational and professional credentials expected by the College in compliance with SACSCOC requirements. Faculty who do not meet the criteria are required to demonstrate progress toward meeting the requirements as a condition of employment. Faculty credentials were reviewed by Off-Site and On-Site Reafirmation Commitees as part of the College's reaffirmation of accreditation process during the past two years. For 2013-14, 100% of full-time academic faculty members and 97.4% of technical faculty members met the credential requirements or had sufficient justifications on file to meet the SACSCOC criteria. The three technical faculty members who did not meet credential requirements are seeking additional education to meet the standards. All faculty credential compliance questions identified by the review committees were successfully resolved with no additonal reports required. Instructional Division Deans will monitor the educational credentials of faculty members and progress made on faculty educational plans to meet the SACSCOC criteria.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

A-6.2 The percentage of contact hours taught by full-time faculty employed at the College will exceed the average for peer institutions and the state average for public community colleges.

Contact Hours Taught	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
SPC Full-Time Faculty	86.5%	86.1%	89.4%
Peer Institutions Full-Time Faculty	71.5%	70.4%	73.6%
State Average Full-Time Faculty	62.2%	62.5%	62.9%

PERCENTAGE OF CONTACT HOURS TAUGHT BY FULL-TIME FACULTY

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M35), THECB

Data Analysis: The percentage of course sections taught by full-time faculty members is a performance measure used by the Legislative Budget Board and the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board. The THECB measures the total number of contact hours taught by full-time faculty and reports institutional, peer group and statewide data for this measure. The percentage of courses taught by full-time faculty at SPC greatly exceeds the peer group and statewide percentages reported by THECB for all periods reported in the data table.

The standard is met.

A-6.3 The percentage of full-time faculty employed by the College will compare favorably with peer group and the state averages for public community colleges.

Data Elements	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
SPC Full-Time Faculty Employed	65.4%	67.9%	68.9%
Peer Group Full-Time Faculty	46.6%	46.2%	47.2%
State Average Full-Time Faculty	37.3%	38.4%	37.3%

PERCENTAGE OF FULL-TIME FACULTY EMPLOYED

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M33), THECB

Data Analysis: The percentage of full-time faculty employed by the College is a measure that can be interpreted as an indicator of instructional quality. South Plains College's ratio of full-time to part-time faculty exceeds peer group colleges as well as the state ratio for all community colleges. This high percentage demonstrates the commitment of the College's Board of Regents to provide a full-time faculty workforce that will meet the needs of students and ensure teaching excellence.

The standard is met.

A-6.4 The College's FTE student to FTE faculty ratio will compare favorably with peer group and state averages for public community colleges.

Data Elements	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
SPC Student/Faculty Ratio	23:1	21:1	20:1
Peer Group Student/Faculty Ratio	22:1	21:1	21:1
State Student/Faculty Ratio	20:1	20:1	20:1

FTE STUDENT TO FTE FACULTY RATIO

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M34), THECB

Data Analysis: South Plains College's full-time-equivalent student to full-time equivalent faculty ratio is lower than the peer college group and equal to state community college averages for Fall 2013. The standard is met.

CSF B: Educational Program Outcomes

Measurement B-1: Course Completion

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-1.1 South Plains College will maintain a course completion rate of not more than 5 percentage points below peer group or state averages for community colleges.

Data Elements	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
SPC Course Completers	86.3%	91.4%	92.3%	91.6%
Peer Group Course Completers	86.5%	87.8%	88.9%	88.1%
State Average Course Completers	87.6%	88.0%	88.8%	88.9%

PERCENTAGE OF COURSE COMPLETERS

SOURCE: LBB Performance Measures, CC Accountability System (M25), THECB

Data Analysis: The state performance measures for two-year institutions includes the percentage of state funded contact hours that are completed during the fall semester. Contact hours for students receiving grades of A, B, C, D and F are counted as course completion. South Plains College's course completion rate has been on par with the Large College Peer Group and the state averages. For Fall 2013, the College's course completion rate declined slightly by 0.7 percentage points. For this term, the College's rate exceeded the peer group and statewide rates.

The standard is met.

Measurement B-2: Graduation and Persistence Rates

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-2.1 The 6-year graduation / persistence rate of first-time, full-time, credential seeking undergraduates will not be more than 5 percentage points below the peer group and statewide rates for public community colleges.

Data Elements	FY 2011 Fall 2005 Cohort	FY 2012 Fall 2006 Cohort	FY 2013 Fall 2007 Cohort	FY 2014 Fall 2008 Cohort
SPC Graduation/Persistence Rate	43.6%	39.4%	42.3%	44.4%
Peer Group Rate	44.2%	43.3%	43.3%	43.8%
Statewide CC Rate	42.5%	42.8%	43.1%	43.6%

6-YEAR GRADUATION / PERSISTENCE RATE FOR FIRST-TIME, FULL-TIME STUDENTS

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M10), THECB

Data Analysis: The percent of first-time, full-time credential seeking students who have graduated or who are still enrolled in a Texas public or private institution of higher education is tracked as a performance measure by the THECB. Students who transferred to out-of-state institutions are not tracked. SPC's graduation/persistence rate has improved 5.0 percentage points for the past three reporting periods. For the 2007 and 2008 Cohorts, the graduation/persistence rate for SPC has been within a range of acceptable variance or has exceeded the peer group and state rates.

Action Plan: Improving graduation rates and student goal attainment are priority objectives in the College's Institutional Plan and its Quality Enhancement Plan. Improvements to the advisement system and development of individual educational plans for students are being made to address performance in this area. A significant number of students eligible for graduation transfer from SPC without applying for graduation. Strategies to encourage eligible students to apply for a degree or certificate will continue to be developed and implemented. The Admissions and Records Office has a system in place to contact students who are nearing completion of certificate and associate degrees to encourage them to apply for graduation. Degree Audit is targeted for improvement to support an automatic graduation policy.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-2.2 The 3, 4 and 6-year graduation rates of first-time, full-time credential seeking undergraduates will not be more than 5 percentage points below the peer group and statewide rates for public community colleges.

	Student Cohorts	SPC Rates	Peer Rates	State Rate
	3-Year Graduation Rate (Fall 2011)	18.9%	14.0%	15.0%
FY 2014	4-Year Graduation Rate (Fall 2010)	23.8%	21.0%	20.7%
	6-Year Graduation Rate (Fall 2008)	35.9%	34.2%	32.9%
	3-Year Graduation Rate (Fall 2010)	18.3%	14.0%	14.2%
FY 2013	4-Year Graduation Rate (Fall 2011)	22.6%	20.7%	20.7%
	6-Year Graduation Rate (Fall 2007)	32.9%	32.8%	32.0%

3, 4, AND 6-YEAR GRADUATION RATES FOR FIRST-TIME, FULL-TIME STUDENTS

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M11), THECB

Data Analysis: First-time, full-time credential seeking student cohorts are tracked to degree/certificate completion at 3, 4 and 6-year intervals. For FY 2014 and FY 2013, SPC's graduation rates at these points exceed the Large College Peer Group and statewide averages for all public community colleges for all three student cohorts.

The standard is met for the reported periods.

Action Plan: Improving graduation rates and student goal attainment are priority objectives in the College's Institutional Plan and its Quality Enhancement Plan. Improvements to the advisement system and development of individual educational plans for students are being made to address performance in this area. A significant number of students eligible for graduation transfer from SPC without applying for graduation. Strategies to encourage eligible students to apply for a degree or certificate will continue to be developed and implemented. The Admissions and Records Office has a system in place to contact students who are nearing completion of certificate and associate degrees to encourage them to apply for graduation. Degree Audit is targeted for improvement to support an automatic graduation policy.

B-2.3 The total number of degrees awarded by the College in a given year shall compare favorably with peer institutions such that the College's regional ranking on this measure shall not be more than two positions less than its regional ranking for enrollment.

Data Elements	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
AA, AS, AAT Degrees	380	381	420	463	432
AAS. AAA Degrees	208	233	244	244	256
Technical Certificates	461	499	633	639	627
Total Degrees and Certificates	1,049	1,113	1,297	1,346	1,315
SPC Regional Ranking Degrees	3rd	3rd	3rd	3rd	3rd
SPC Regional Ranking Enrollment	3rd	3rd	3rd	3rd	3rd
Ranking Difference	0	0	0	0	0

NUMBER OF DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES AWARDED

SOURCE: LBB Performance Measures, CC Accountability System (M12), THECB, CBM009

The THECB performance measures include the total number of degrees and certificates earned Data Analysis: at an institution annually. SPC awarded a record 1,346 degrees and certificates in 2012-13, a 3.8% increase from the previous year. The College consistently ranks third among peer institutions in the West Texas region in awarding degrees and certificates. All institutions which awarded more degrees than SPC had larger enrollments. For 2013-14, SPC awarded 1,315 degrees and certificates, a slight decrease from the previous year. The College awarded a record number of certificates in 2012-13 with 639. This increase can be attributed to continued implementation of the Technical Division's "earn as you learn" policy. Additionally, some technical programs have "laddered" their curriculum whereby a student can be awarded a basic skills certificate in a career area in one-year of study and an advanced skills certificate in a second year of study. The College's regional ranking in awarding degrees has matched its ranking for enrollment in all years reported here. Improving graduation rates and student goal attainment are priority objectives in the College's Institutional Plan. Strategies have been identified to address student goal attainment through expanded advisement. The Admissions and Records Office will work with Texas Tech University Pathway Program to continue the "transfer back" service for SPC transfer students. Instructional Division Deans will continue to monitor this measure.

B-2.4 The percentage ethnicity of graduates at the College will be within three percentage points parity of the percentage of ethnicity of degree-seeking student enrollment.

Annual Data Elements	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Percent White Graduates	57.6%	53.3%	54.9%	51.8%	48.9%
Percent White Enrollment (Credit)	60.4%	57.7%	53.6%	51.6%	49.5%
Variance	-3.1	-1.4	+1.3	+0.2	-0.7
Percent African-American Graduates	5.1%	4.1%	4.8%	4.2%	4.9%
Percent African-American Enrollment (Credit)	6.1%	5.6%	6.1%	6.8%	7.0%
Variance	-1.0	-1.5	-1.3	-2.6	-2.1
Percent Hispanic Graduates	33.0%	35.1%	36.2%	39.5%	40.6%
Percent Hispanic Enrollment (Credit)	31.5%	33.7%	35.4%	37.9%	39.7%
Variance	+1.5	+1.4	+0.8	+1.6%	+0.9
Percent Other Ethnic Graduates	4.2%	4.5%	4.1%	4.5%	5.5%
Percent Other Ethnic Enrollment (Credit)	1.9%	3.1%	4.9%	3.8%	3.7%
Variance	+1.7	+1.4	-0.8	+0.7	+1.8

PERCENTAGE OF GRADUATES BY ETHNICITY

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M12, M4), THECB

Data Analysis: The percentage of graduates by ethnicity is within three percentage points parity of the percentage of ethnicity of degree-seeking student enrollment. For Hispanic students, the percentage of graduates consistently exceeds the percentage of students enrolled.

The standard is met.

Measurement B-3: Academic Transfer and Performance

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-3.1 The transfer rate of first-time students to a university will not be more than 5 percentage points below peer group and statewide averages for public community colleges.

UNIVERSITY TRANSFER RATE FOR FTIC STUDENTS

Data Elements	FY 2011 Fall 2005 Cohort	FY 2012 Fall 2006 Cohort	FY 2013 Fall 2007 Cohort	FY 2014 Fall 2008 Cohort
SPC Transfer Rate	43.7%	47.5%	28.7%	26.4%
Peer Group Transfer Rate	34.7%	40.4%	28.8%	26.5%
Statewide Transfer Rate	27.8%	28.0%	26.0%	25.0%

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M13), THECB

Data Analysis: The THECB tracks students entering college for the first time at a two-year institution, who are not concurrently enrolled at a four-year institution, until they transfer to a four-year institution for the first time, or until they complete an award at the two-year college. Cohorts of first-time students who started are followed for six years. For the data presented in the above table, South

Plains College's transfer rate is within a range of acceptable variance with the peer group and above the statewide average. Appropriate personnel will continue to monitor transfer rates and will work to strengthen transfer pathways to the region's universities.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-3.2 The number of student transfers to other public institutions of higher education within the state will compare favorably with peer institutions such that the College's ranking for this measure will not be more than two positions less than its ranking for enrollment.

Data Elements	FY 2011 Fall 2005 Cohort	FY 2012 Fall 2006 Cohort	FY 2013 Fall 2007 Cohort	FY 2014 Fall 2008 Cohort
Number of SPC Students who Transfer	1,057	1,168	549	476
SPC Regional Ranking - Transfers	1st	2nd	2nd	2nd
SPC Regional Ranking - Enrollment	3rd	3rd	3rd	3rd
Ranking Difference	+2	+1	+1	+1

NUMBER OF FTIC STUDENTS WHO TRANSFER

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M13), THECB; LBB Performance Measures, THECB

Data Analysis: The THECB tracks students entering college for the first time at a two-year institution, who are not concurrently enrolled at a four-year institution, until they transfer to a four-year institution for the fist time, or until they complete an award at the two-year college. Cohorts of first-time students are followed for six years. For FY 2011 (Fall 2005 cohort) South Plains College ranked first among the West Texas Region's community colleges in the number of students transferring to university, while ranking third in total enrollment. For the remaining student cohorts studied, the College ranked second in the number of FTIC students transferring to universities.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-3.3 The percentage of SPC transfer students who have grade point averages greater than 2.0 during the first year at transfer universities will not be more than 5 percentage points below the statewide percentage for community college students who transfer to public universities.

ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE OF SPC TRANSFER STUDENTS AT PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES: PERCENTAGE OF TRANSFER STUDENTS WITH GPA > 2.0

SPC Student Cohorts	Fall 2009	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
Dev. Education Prior to Transfer	76.7%	70.6%	73.6%	75.7%	76.6%
No Dev. Education Prior to Transfer	78.2%	83.8%	80.0%	82.3%	86.6%
Total SPC Transfers	77.9%	79.0%	77.8%	80.0%	82.9%
Statewide Student Cohorts	Fall 2009	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
Dev. Education Prior to Transfer	77.9%	78.0%	77.3%	76.9%	78.7%
No Dev. Education Prior to Transfer	82.2%	83.0%	81.9%	82.9%	84.2%
Total Statewide Transfers	79.9%	80.3%	79.4%	79.6%	81.3%

SOURCE: Academic Performance of 2-Year College Transfer Students at Texas Public Universities, THECB

Data Analysis: The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board reports grade point averages for cohorts of transfer students after their first year at the transfer university. GPAs are reported for transfer students who were enrolled in developmental education prior to transfer and for students who were not required to enroll in developmental education courses. The data table presents the percentage of students in the cohort to earned a GPA of 2.0 or greater in the first year of transfer. SPC transfer students compare favorably to the statewide cohorts within the 5 percentage point range of variation.

The standard is met for the most recent cohorts.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-3.4 The percentage of SPC transfer students who continue enrollment in the following fall term at transfer universities will not be more than 5 percentage points below the statewide percentage for community college students who transfer to public universities.

PERSISTENCE OF SPC TRANSFER STUDENTS AT PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES: PERCENTAGE OF TRANSFER STUDENTS WHO ENROLL IN THE FOLLOWING FALL TERM

SPC Student Cohorts	Fall 2009	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
Dev. Education Prior to Transfer	79.4%	75.3%	77.1%	71.3%	76.0%
No Dev. Education Prior to Transfer	78.0%	74.3%	79.2%	77.6%	75.0%
Total SPC Transfers	78.5%	74.7%	78.5%	75.8%	75.4%
Statewide Student Cohorts	Fall 2009	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
Dev. Education Prior to Transfer	75.7%	74.5%	73.6%	73.8%	74.3%
No Dev. Education Prior to Transfer	76.0%	75.3%	75.1%	75.2%	74.7%
Total Statewide Transfers	75.8%	74.9%	74.3%	74.5%	74.5%

SOURCE: Academic Performance of 2-Year College Transfer Students at Texas Public Universities, THECB

Data Analysis: South Plains College transfer students persist in their studies at transfer universities at comparable rates with other community college transfer students. The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board reports the number of transfer students in cohorts that enroll in the following fall term after their first year at the transfer university. Persistence data is reported for students who participated in developmental education prior to transfer and for students who did not participate in developmental education. For the cohorts reported in the data table, SPC transfer student persistence exceeds that of statewide percentages in three of the five reported cohorts, including the most recent cohort. The SPC percentages are within the acceptable range of variation with peers and statewide totals.

B-3.5 The percentage of academic graduates either employed and/or enrolled in a Texas educational institution within six months after graduation will not be more than 5 percentage points below peer group or statewide rates for public community colleges.

SPC Academic Graduates	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Employed Only after Graduation	32.9%	29.2%	31.4%	43.7%
Employed and Enrolled (in Senior Institutions)	35.4%	38.3%	33.4%	29.3%
Enrolled Only (in Senior Institutions)	24.7%	24.6%	22.4%	14.9%
Enrolled Only (In Community Colleges)	5.6%	3.8%	4.7%	3.3%
Graduates Not Found	1.4%	4.1%	8.0%	8.9%
Total SPC Employed/Enrolled	98.6%	95.9%	92.0%	91.1%
Total Peer Group Employed/Enrolled	87.2%	83.6%	83.7%	82.2%
Total Statewide Employed/Enrolled	89.3%	89.1%	88.8%	86.5%

PERCENT OF ACADEMIC GRADUATES EMPLOYED AND/OR ENROLLED IN HIGHER EDUCATION

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M20), THECB

Data Analysis: THECB tracks community college academic graduates to determine if they are employed and / or enrolled in a Texas public/private institution of higher education six months after graduation. The data reveals that a high percentage of reported SPC academic graduates either find employment or continue their education following graduation, 91.1% for the most recent cohort. Additionally, a larger percentage of academic graduates in FY 2013, 43.7%, found employment after graduation and did not enroll in a senior institution. The SPC percentage of placed academic graduates exceeds both the Large College Peer Group and the statewide averages.

Measurement B-4: Technical Program Placement Rates

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-4.1 85% of graduates of active technical programs will be placed in the workforce within six months of graduation and/or be enrolled in another Texas public/private institution of higher education.

SPC Technical Graduates	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Employed Only after Graduation	85.9%	78.2%	75.7%	78.4%
Employed and Enrolled (in Senior Institutions)	4.2%	5.2%	5.7%	0.9%
Enrolled Only (in Senior Institutions)	1.4%	0.7%	1.4%	1.5%
Enrolled Only (In Community Colleges)	5.7%	9.5%	12.5%	8.7%
Graduates Not Found	2.8%	6.4%	4.7%	10.4%
Total SPC Employed/Enrolled	97.2%	93.6%	95.3%	89.6%
Total Peer Group Employed/Enrolled	88.9%	90.0%	91.5%	89.3%
Total Statewide Employed/Enrolled	90.8%	90.1%	89.5%	87.3%

PERCENT OF TECHNICAL GRADUATES EMPLOYED AND/OR ENROLLED IN HIGHER EDUCATION

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M20), THECB

Data Analysis: THECB tracks community college technical graduates to determine if they are employed and/or enrolled in a Texas public/private institution of higher education six months after graduation. The data reveals that a high percentage of SPC technical graduates find employment or continue their education, exceeding the 85% placement benchmark for technical graduates for all four reported periods. The SPC percentage of technical graduates employed and/or enrolled exceeds both the Large College Peer Group and the statewide averages.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-4.2 All active technical programs will have at least 25 graduates in a five-year period.

PERCENT OF TECHNICAL PROGRAMS WITH 25 GRADUATES IN 5 YEARS

Reporting Years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Total Active Programs	30	30	30	30
No. Programs 2 Years in Operation	30	29	29	30
No. with 25 Graduates in 5 Years	30	28	29	30
% of Programs in Compliance	100%	96.6%	100%	100%

SOURCE: Perkins Desk Review Data

Data Analysis: This is a Perkins performance measure that is required in order to receive Perkins funding. For the most recent period, all active technical programs that have been in operation for two years have met the 25 graduates standard.

B-4.3 All active technical programs will have at least an 85% average placement rate for completers over a three-year average.

Reporting Years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Total Program Areas Reporting	31	29	29	29
No. Programs 85% Success Rate	31	27	27	27
No. Less than 85% Success Rate	0	2	2	2
% of Programs in Compliance	100.0%	93.1%	93.1%	93.1%

PERCENT OF TECHNICAL PROGRAMS WITH 85% SUCCESSFUL PLACEMENT OUTCOMES

SOURCE: Perkins Desk Review Data

Data Analysis: Of the 27 active programs reporting student placement in 2013-14, 27 technical programs met the 85% benchmark for successful outcomes for 93.1%.

The standard is not met.

Action Plan: The Instructional Deans and Program Faculty have created a plan for improving the placement rate for the two non-compliant programs. Implementation of this plan will take place during the 2014-15 academic year.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-4.4 The percentage of technical graduates placed into employment, military service or apprenticeship programs shall not be below the 90% State Perkins Performance Target.

TECHNICAL STUDENT PLACEMENT RATE: INSTITUTIONAL PERCENTAGE

Reporting Years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
SPC Performance Placement Rate	78.5%	77.8%	80.9%	79.2%
State Performance Placement Rate	77.3%	73.7%	73.2%	73.7%
State Perkins Target	78.0%	78.0%	79.0%	79.0%
State Perkins 90% Target	70.2%%	70.2%	71.1%	71.1%

SOURCE: Perkins Desk Review Data

Data Analysis: Student placement is a core performance indicator for Perkins funding. Actual institutional placement performance is compared to state targets by program year. For the years reported, the college's overall technical student placement rate exceeds the state performance rate or is within a normal range of variation with the State Perkins Target rate. The College's overall technical graduate placement rate exceeds the 90% Perkins target for all years reported.

Measurement B-5: Licensure Passage and Skills Attainment

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-5.1 The percentage of technical graduates who take state and national certification or licensure exams and pass shall not be below 5 percentage points of the peer group rate or the state average for community colleges.

Data Elements	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
SPC Licensure Passage Rate	86.3%	86.3%	92.4%	90.7%
Peer Group Licensure Passage Rate	87.1%	NA	89.0%	87.7%
Statewide Licensure Passage Rate	88.6%	NA	90.2%	89.2%

PERCENTAGE OF TECHNICAL GRADUATES PASSING LICENSURE AND CERTIFICATION IN ALL PROGRAMS

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M27), THECB

Data Analysis: The percentage of SPC graduates passing state licensure exams exceeds the rate reported for the Large College Peer Group and the statewide community college rate for the two most recently reported periods. Licensure test performance for individual programs is continually evaluated. Faculty in programs with licensure pass rates below state averages evaluate courses and course sequencing to determine if modifications are necessary to improve student success on licensure exams.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-5.2 All technical programs leading to certification or licensure will have at least a 90% pass rate on state or national exams.

Report Year	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Programs Reporting Passage Rates	9	9	10	10
Number of Programs with 90% Pass Rate	7	7	8	8
% of Programs in Compliance	77.7%	77.7%	80.0%	80.0%

PERCENT OF TECHNICAL PROGRAMS WITH 90% LICENSURE RATE

SOURCE: Annual Licensure Report, THECB

Data Analysis: SPC offers 10 technical programs that lead to recognized licensure in a profession. Perkins performance measures have set a minimum 90% pass rate on licensure exams for these programs. For 2014, eight programs met the 90% standard. Graduates generally have more than one opportunity to take licensure exams.

The standard is not met for the most recent period.

Action Plan: Program faculty and departmental chairpersons in non-compliant programs will adjust program curricula and instruction as required and continue to monitor licensure passage rates.

B-5.3 The percent of technical students achieving technical skills proficiency aligned with industry-recognized standards through assessments will not be below the 90% State Perkins Performance Target.

Reporting Years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
SPC Skills Proficiency Rate	87.1%	86.2%	94.5%	91.5%
State Performance Rate	92.2%	90.9%	92.0%	90.7%
State Perkins Target	84.5%	92.5%	93.0%	93.0%
State Perkins 90% Target	76.1%	83.3%	83.7%	83.7%

PERCENT OF STUDENTS ACHIEVING TECHNICAL SKILLS PROFICIENCY

SOURCE: Perkins Data Resources, THECB

Data Analysis: For the most recent reporting period, the College's percentage of students achieving technical skills proficiency aligned with industry-recognized standards exceeds the State's Perkins 90% Target by 7.8 percentage points and the state average by 1.2 points. However it failed to meet the 100% target by 1.5 points. College technical faculty, working with advisory committees, will continue to identify technical skill sets that can be assessed through industry-recognized methods and incorporate these skills competencies and assessments into the curriculum.

The standard is met.

Measurement B-6: Success in Developmental Education

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-6.1 The percentage of underprepared FTIC students who satisfy TSI obligation within two years will not be more than 5 percentage points below peer group and statewide rates for community colleges.

Stu	Student Cohorts		Peer Rates	State Rate	
	Math	31.4%	28.6%	34.6%	
Fall 2010 Cohort	Reading	59.6%	52.5%	54.8%	
	Writing	39.2%	44.4%	49.1%	
	Math	35.0%	31.2%	39.2%	
Fall 2009 Cohort	Reading	53.5%	49.9%	56.2%	
	Writing	37.7%	43.8%	48.5%	
	Math	41.9%	40.6%	47.9%	
Fall 2008 Cohort	Reading	71.5%	62.3%	60.9%	
	Writing		56.2%	58.9%	

PERCENTAGE OF UNDERPREPARED FTIC STUDENTS COMPLETING TSI REQUIREMENTS WITHIN TWO YEARS

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M23), THECB

Data Analysis: THECB reports the percentage of underprepared FTIC students who satisfy TSI obligation within two years if they tested above deviation or three years if they tested under deviation by subject areas. For the most recent cohort reported, the percentage of SPC completers is greater than the Large College Peer Group and statewide summary percentages for math and reading. It is not within the acceptable range for writing with the peer group (-5.2 percentage points) or the statewide rate (-9.9 points).

The standard is not met for writing.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-6.2 The percentage of underprepared students who return the following fall semester will not be more than 5 percentage points below peer group and statewide rates for public community colleges.

Fall Student Cohorts	Fall 2009	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
SPC Retention Rate	49.2%	48.2%	42.3%	49.5%	49.5%
Peer Group Retention Rate	52.8%	50.6%	47.0%	48.4%	51.2%
Statewide Retention Rate	53.9%	52.2%	48.9%	49.5%	51.4%

PERCENTAGE OF UNDERPREPARED STUDENTS RETURNING THE FOLLOWING FALL SEMESTER

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M25), THECB

Data Analysis: South Plains College's fall-to-fall retention rate for students requiring remediation was 49.5%, the most recent data provided by the THECB. The SPC retention rate, while having improved with the Fall 2012 and 2013 cohorts, was within the range of normal variation (5 points) with the peer group and exceeded the state rate. Appropriate college personnel will continue to monitor the retention of FTIC students requiring remediation and develop strategies for improving success of developmental students.

The standard is met.

Measurement B-7: Personal Growth and Goal Attainment

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

B-7.1 Respondents to the Student Satisfaction Inventory will rate the College's contribution to personal growth and goal attainment above average (greater than 5.0 on 7.0 scale).

Action Plan: Data for this measure was previously collected from the ACT Faces of the Future Survey which was last administered in 2006-2007 as part of a nationwide project of the American Association of Community Colleges. ACT changed procedures for administering the Faces of the Future Survey in 2008 when the American Association of Community Colleges discontinued this assessment project. The Noel-Levitz Student Satisfaction Inventory (SSI) which is administered in odd-numbered years provides an option to include campus-related questions on the survey. The Office of Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment will work with the Advising and Testing Center to include survey questions related to student personal growth and goal attainment on the SSI survey instrument that will be administered in Fall 2015.

CSF C: Quality Student and Support Services

Measurement C-1: Access, Participation and Equity

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-1.1 The College will annually enroll approximately 12,000 students in credit-level or developmental courses within a normal range of variance of 5%.

Data Elements	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Annual Credit Enrollments	13,943	14,094	13,624	13,236	12,968
Percent Change	7.9%	1.1%	-3.3%	-2.8%	-2.0%
Lower Control Limit (-5%)	11,875	11,875	11,875	11,875	11,875

SOUTH PLAINS COLLEGE ANNUAL CREDIT ENROLLMENT

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Research and Reports

Data Analysis: Annual enrollment in 2013-14 declined 2.0% to 12,968 students. Since FY 2010, annual enrollment has declined by 975 students or 7.0 percent. For all years reported, annual enrollment has remained above the 12,000 student benchmark.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-1.2 Students who enroll at SPC will include a minimum of 45% of the most recent high school graduates from the College service area.

SOUTH PLAINS COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL MARKET SHARE SERVICE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICTS WITH MORE THAN 25 GRADUATES

Data Elements	Fall 2009	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
Total Service H.S. Graduates	3,927	4,219	4,178	3,871	4,243
H.S. Grads Enrolled in Higher Ed.	1,996	2,146	2,063	1,978	2,051
% of Grads Enrolled in Higher Ed.	50.8%	50.9%	49.4%	51.1%	48.3%
H.S. Grads Enrolled at SPC	911	1,047	992	915	937
% of College-Bound Enrolled at SPC	45.6%	48.8%	48.1%	46.3%	45.7%

SOURCE: High School to College Linkages, THECB

Data Analysis: As part of the statewide "Closing the Gaps in Higher Education" initiative, the THECB tracks high school graduates enrolling in Texas public/private colleges and universities the fall semester following May graduation. Only districts that graduate more than 25 students are tracked and reported in the High School to College Linkages Report. Of the 51 public school and charter school districts in the College's service area, 32 districts (62.7%) graduated 25 or more students for FY 2013. Within this cohort, only 48.3% of graduates enrolled in a Texas public/private college or university in Fall 2013. SPC enrolled 937 graduates from these schools for 45.7% of the college bound service area group. While the percentage of service area high school graduates attending college has fluctuated from 51.1% to the recent 48.3%, the region lags behind the state average of 55.9% matriculation to college. SPC has consistently enrolled 45% or more of service

area graduates for the years reported. SPC will continue to actively support the P-20 Closing the Gaps Council and its initiatives to nurture a "college going culture" in the South Plains region.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-1.3 The College will enroll 40% of those individuals participating in higher education who reside in the College's service area within a normal range of variance of 5%.

SOUTH PLAINS COLLEGE SERVICE AREA MARKET SHARE INDIVIDUALS PARTICIPATING IN HIGHER EDUCATION

Data Elements	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013	Fall 2014
Total Service Area Residents Enrolled in Higher Ed.	17,090	15,987	15,941	16,684
Total Service Area Residents Enrolled at SPC	8,370	7,668	7,655	7,670
% of Service Area Residents Enrolling at SPC	49.0%	48.0%	48.1%	46.0%

SOURCE: PREP Online Query, THECB

Data Analysis: This market share analysis attempts to determine the percentage of service area residents who participate in higher education by enrolling at SPC. The College's "share" is computed as a percentage of the total number of service area residents who enroll in public higher education as reported by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board. In this analysis, the 40% benchmark has been exceeded in all years reported, averaging 47.7% for the past four years. The overall number of service area residents enrolled in higher education has declined by 2.3% from Fall 2011 to Fall 2014.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-1.4 The majority of students residing in the College's service area who enroll at a community college will enroll at South Plains College.

Data Elements	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013	Fall 2014
Total Service Area Residents Enrolled in Community Colleges	9,083	8,352	8,334	8,385
Total Service Area Residents Enrolled at SPC	8,370	7,668	7,655	7,670
% of Service Area Residents Enrolling at SPC	92.2%	91.8%	91.9%	91.5%

SOUTH PLAINS COLLEGE SERVICE AREA MARKET SHARE INDIVIDUALS ENROLLING AT COMMUNITY COLLEGES

SOURCE: PREP Online Query, THECB

Data Analysis: This market share analysis attempts to determine the percentage of service area residents who choose to attend a public community college and who subsequently enroll at SPC. The College's "share" is computed as a percentage of the total number of service area residents who enroll at Texas community colleges. In this analysis, greater than 91% of service area residents who enroll at a community college choose to enroll at SPC. However, enrollment of service area residents at SPC has decreased 8.4% from Fall 2011 to Fall 2014, largely due to the decline in dual credit enrollment over the same time period. The number of service area residents attending community colleges in general declined 7.7%.

C-1.5 The percentage of ethnicity of the student body at the College will be within five percentage points parity of the ethnic composition of the adult population of the College service area.

Annual Credit Enrollment	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Percent of White Population*	50.7%*	51.7%*	51.0%*	50.4%*
Percent of White Enrollment	57.7%	53.6%	51.6%	49.6%
Gap in Participation	+7.0	+1.9	+0.6	-0.8
Percent of African-American Population*	7.2%*	6.3%*	6.3%*	6.3%*
Percent of African-American Enrollment	5.6%	6.1%	6.8%	7.0%
Gap in Enrollment	-1.6	-0.2	+0.5	+0.7
Percent of Hispanic Population*	39.8%*	38.7%*	39.3%*	39.8%*
Percent of Hispanic Enrollment	33.7%	35.4%	37.9%	39.7%
Gap in Participation	-6.2	-3.3	-1.4	-0.1
Percent of Other Ethnic Populations*	2.3%*	3.4%*	3.4%*	3.5%*
Percent of Other Ethic Enrollment	3.1%	4.9%	3.8%	3.7%
Gap in Participation	+0.8	+1.5	+0.3	+0.2

PERCENTAGE OF STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY ETHNICITY

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M4), THECB

*Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board Data

Data Analysis: The SPC student body reflects the ethnicity of the adult population of the College service area. Since 2010-11, annual enrollment of Hispanic students has grown 17.6%; African-American enrollment has increased 23.9%. By comparison, annual enrollment of white students has declined 18.8%. Progress has been made in narrowing the gap between the ethnicity of the population and the ethnicity of SPC's student body. The participation gap for African-American students and for Hispanic students reached parity with the 2013-14 academic year.

The standard is met.

Action Plan: The College has initiated efforts to attract and retain students from diverse ethnic backgrounds. The College has developed a plan for ensuring equitable access and participation (General Education Provisions Act, Section 427). Through Title V Strengthening Hispanic-Serving Institutions grant funds and TRIO program grant funds (Student Support Services and Upward Bound), the College has developed and implemented a number of programs to increase minority student participation in higher education. One of the challenges that needs to be resolved is the accurate collection of race and ethnicity data from students. The THECB adopted the Federal classifications for race and ethnicity in 2010-11 which has led to some confusion among students when self-reporting. A high percentage of students (19.9% in 2010-11) did not self-report race/ethnicity and were identified at "Other " by the THECB. Methods for collecting demographic information from students will be evaluated by the Office of Institutional Research and Reports and the Office of Admissions and Records. The College will continue to identify this task as a priority initiative and will monitor progress.

C-1.6 The percentage of economically disadvantaged students will not be more than five percentage points below the percentage of economically disadvantaged adults in the College service area.

Data Elements	Fall 2008	Fall 2009	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012
Percent of Population	21.1%	21.1%	20.1%*	20.1%*	20.1%*
Percent of SPC Enrollment	28.7%	31.8%	38.0%	39.7%	39.0%
Variance	+7.6	+11.7	+17.9	+19.6	+18.9

PERCENTAGE ENROLLMENT OF ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED INDIVIDUALS

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M6), THECB; *2010 U.S. Census Data

Data Analysis: Economically disadvantaged students are defined as those individuals who qualify for any amount of federal Pell Grants. Economically disadvantaged individuals, those whose income generally falls below 150% of poverty level, represent 20.1 percent of the population of the College service area. For the reporting periods, the College enrollment of economically disadvantaged students has exceeded the service area population. For the most recent reporting period, the percentage enrolled exceeds the benchmark by 18.9 percentage points.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-1.7 The percentage of academically disadvantaged students will not be more than five percentage points below the percentage of academically disadvantaged adults in the College service area.

PERCENTAGE ENROLLMENT OF ACADEMICALLY DISADVANTAGED INDIVIDUALS

Data Elements	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013	Fall 2014
Percent of Population*	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%
Percent of SPC Enrollment	29.7%	26.3%	25.8%	25.3%	27.6%
Variance	+1.7	-1.7	-2.2	-2.7	-0.4

SOURCE: CC Accountability System (M6), THECB; *2010 U.S. Census Data

Data Analysis: Academically disadvantaged students are defined as those individuals who require remediation. Academically disadvantaged individuals represent 28.0 percent of the adult population of the College service area (individuals with less than a high school diploma). The THECB reports the percentage of academically disadvantaged students on a fall semester basis. For the reporting periods, this population at the College has averaged 26.9% and is within the normal range of variation for this measure.

C-1.8 The College will make satisfactory progress toward "Closing the Gaps" participation targets. PROGRESS MADE ON CLOSING THE GAPS PARTICIPATION TARGETS

Data Elements	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013	Fall 2014
Closing the Gaps Target Fall 2015	11,202	11,202	11,202	11,202
SPC Fall Headcount Enrollments	10,505	9,678	9,563	9,661
Closing the Gaps Target Completion	93.8%	86.4%	85.4%	86.2%

SOURCE: LBB Performance Measures, THECB

Data Analysis: The State's Closing the Gaps in Higher Education initiative seeks to increase the number of Texans participating in higher education by 630,000 by 2015. Texas colleges and universities have set enrollment targets for 2010 and 2015 in order to reach this goal. SPC conducted an analysis of historical enrollment trends to establish its Fall 2015 target of 11,202. In Fall 2010, SPC was within 30 students of its 2010 target of 10,183. For Fall 2011, enrollment at SPC had achieved 93.8% of its 2015 target. However, a 7.8% drop in enrollment for Fall 2012 lowered to 86.4% the achieved 2015 target. This drop in enrollment was attributed to improvement in the service area job market and economy, driven by an increase in high-paying energy industry jobs. For the most recent fall semester, the College has achieved 86.2% of its Closing the Gaps enrollment goal. The THECB is in the process of adopting a new Strategic Plan for Higher Education for 2015-2030 that will focus on successful student outcomes rather than participation in higher education.

The standard is met.

Action Plan: Historically, the College's enrollment has fluctuated with economic trends in its service area. A number of factors potentially contributed to the decline in enrollment for Fall 2012. These included a smaller high school graduating class in the region, approved increase in fees, higher commuter costs, and changes in dual credit enrollments. In order to meet its Closing the Gaps target, the College will develop a comprehensive marketing and enrollment management plan. This effort will be spearheaded by the Associate Dean of Marketing and Recruitment, working with the Marketing and Recruitment Committee.

Measurement C-2: Assessment of Programs and Services

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-2.1 The level of student satisfaction with institutional student support services, as measured on the Student Satisfaction Inventory, will be above average (greater than 5.0 on 7.0 scale) in all survey categories.

STUDENT SATISFACTION WITH INSTRUCTIONAL AND STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES REPORT FROM STUDENT SATISFACTION INVENTORY

Student Service Areas	Fall 2007	Fall 2009	Fall 2011	Fall 2013
Registration Effectiveness	5.75	5.95	5.92	6.25
Campus Climate	5.81	5.94	5.94	6.30
Student Centeredness	5.74	5.80	5.82	6.19
Instructional Effectiveness	5.70	5.83	5.92	6.19
Academic Advisement Effectiveness	5.50	5.64	5.74	5.98
Campus Services	5.78	5.87	5.95	6.29
Safety and Security	5.29	5.44	5.56	5.99
Admission and Financial Aid Effectiveness	5.42	5.59	5.49	6.08

SOURCE: Noel-Levitz Student Satisfaction Inventory, SPC Retention Team

Data Analysis: Data for this measure is collected from the Noel-Levitz Student Satisfaction Inventory (SSI), which is administered every two years to a representative sample of students. Respondents to the survey indicated above average satisfaction with all institutional student support service areas for the four survey years reported here. Mean scores from 2007 to 2013 improved in all survey categories. The Student Services Council reviews and monitors results of the SSI. The Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment Office will administer the Student Satisfaction Inventory during the Fall 2015 semester.

C-2.2 The level of student satisfaction with student support services will be 70% or greater agreement in all survey categories.

Student Service Areas	2009-10	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Dean of Students Office	95%	93%	95%	87%
Counseling Center	91%	95%	93%	89%
Instructional Support Services	95%	86%	90%	81%
Student Health Services	93%	91%	86%	87%
Student Activities	94%	96%	94%	84%
Campus Police / Parking	86%	91%	100%	90%
Food Service	90%	88%	91%	84%
Admissions and Records	91%	95%	94%	93%
Financial Aid	87%	84%	90%	88%
Library	97%	99%	97%	97%
Business Office	96%	97%	96%	94%
Veterans Services	92%	95%	95%	90%
Advising	92%	95%	92%	88%
CampusConnect	94%	96%	94%	96%
MySPC	NA	97%	94%	98%

STUDENT SATISFACTION WITH STUDENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES REPORT FROM SURVEY OF CURRENT STUDENTS

SOURCE: Office of Student Affairs, SPC

Data Analysis: Students participating in the online student services assessment are asked to rate their level of agreement with customer service statements for each student service office. Respondents indicate their level of agreement with survey statements on a scale of 1 (strongly disagree) to 5 (strongly agree). The benchmark has been set at 70% agreement (agree or strongly agree) with the statements for each area. The survey was not administered for 2010-11 due to reorganization of the Student Affairs Division. Student satisfaction data was collected in the spring of 2012 and is presented in the data table. The percentage of student agreement with service satisfaction statements exceeds the 70% benchmark for all service areas.

The standard is met for the years reported.

Measurement C-3: Retention and Persistence

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-3.1 Retention/persistence of FTIC undergraduate students after one year will not be more than 5 percentage points below the peer group and statewide rate for public community colleges.

Entering Fall Student Cohorts	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
SPC Total Retained or Persisting	58.8%	56.3 %	59.7%	60.8%
Peer Group Total Retained or Persisting	61.7%	64.0%	64.3%	65.8%
Statewide Total Retained or Persisting	64.0%	62.2%	64.2%	65.5%

RETENTION/PERSISTENCE OF UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS AFTER ONE YEAR

SOURCE: CC Accountability System, THECB (M15)

Data Analysis: Cohorts of first-time, full-time students are tracked from fall to fall and reported as being retained at the same institution or persisting to another institution of higher education. Those who receive a certificate or degree within the first year are excluded from the cohort. The data presents the percentage of students who "stop out" of higher education after the first year. While this retention/persistence measure has improved for the most recent reporting periods, it remains on the edge of being outside the normal range for the peer average and state average for all two-year institutions. For the most recent reporting period, the SPC retention/persistence total is 5 percentage points below the Large College Peer Group rate and 4.7 percentage points below the state rate.

The standard is not met.

Action Plan: While improvements have been made in the College's retention rate for this measure, it continues to be a priority opportunity for improvement. The Retention Team will continue to monitor retention of FTIC students and promote intrusive advisement and early alert strategies.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-3.2 Retention/persistence of undergraduate students after two years will not be more than 5 percentage points below the peer group and statewide rate for public community colleges.

Entering Fall Student CohortsFall 2009Fall 2010Fall 2011Fall 2012SPC Total Retained or Persisting46.7%44.7%46.0%45.3%

52.8%

51.6%

47.6%

49.0%

48.2%

48.6%

51.7%

50.5%

RETENTION/PERSISTENCE OF UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS AFTER TWO YEARS

SOURCE: CC Accountability System, THECB (M16)

Peer Group Total Retained or Persisting

Statewide Total Retained or Persisting

Data Analysis: Cohorts of first-time, full-time students are tracked for two years and reported as being retained at the same institution or persisting to another institution of higher education. Those who receive a certificate or degree within the two years are excluded from the cohort. The data presents the percentage of students who "stop out" of higher education within two years of participation. The SPC rate remains outside the normal range of variance in relation to the peer group and state average for all two-year institutions for the most recent cohort tracked. For the most recent reporting period, the SPC retention/persistence total is 6.4 percentage points below the peer group rate and 5.2 percentage points below the state rate.

Action Plan: While improvements have been made in the College's retention rate for this measure, it continues to be a priority opportunity for improvement. The Retention Team will continue to monitor retention of FTIC students and promote intrusive advisement, early alert, and individual educational success plan strategies.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-3.3 Retention of first-time, full-time students from fall to fall will not be more than 5 percentage points below the peer group and statewide rate for public community colleges.

Entering Fall Student Cohorts	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
SPC Total Retained	50.1%	47.2%	49.3%	51.9%
Peer Group Total Retained	52.4%	52.0%	50.3%	51.9%
Statewide Total Retained	54.6%	52.5%	53.9%	55.3%

FALL-TO-FALL RETENTION OF FIRST-TIME, FULL-TIME STUDENTS

SOURCE: CC Accountability System, THECB

Data Analysis: Unlike Measure C-3.1, this THECB measure does not count students who persist after one year at other institutions. South Plains College's fall-to-fall retention rate for first-time, full-time credential seeking students is within the range of variation with peer group community college and with statewide retention rates for all community colleges, for the most recent reporting period. Fall to fall retention of students continues to be a priority opportunity for improvement. The Retention Team will continue to monitor retention of FTIC students and implement intrusive advisement and early alert strategies that have been piloted through the Title V grant project.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

C-3.4 The retention rate for FTIC students from fall to spring will be within the normal range of variation (5%).

Entering Fall Student Cohort	Fall 2010	Fall 2011	Fall 2012	Fall 2013
SPC First-Time Students	76.5%	72.3%	73.8%	72.0%
Lower Control Limit	68.0%	68.0%	68.0%	68.0%

FALL TO SPRING RETENTION OF FTIC STUDENTS

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Research and Reports

Data Analysis: The percentage of first-time-in-college students retained from the fall semester to the spring semester is a measure of retention. The retention rate for all students at SPC has averaged 72.6% for the past 10 years and the lower control limit (one standard deviation below the mean) has been calculated at 68.0%. For 2013-14, the rate was 72.0%, which is above the lower control limit. Student retention continues to be a priority initiative for the College. The Advising and Testing Center will continue to monitor retention of FTIC students and promote intrusive advisement and early alert strategies.

CSF D: Economic Development and Community Engagement

Measurement D-1: Education in Support of Economic Development

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

D-1.1 Individuals who enroll in community service short courses will rate their level of satisfaction with the course above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale).

SATISFACTION WITH COMMUNITY SERVICE SHORT COURSE TRAINING DIVISION OF CONTINUING EDUCATION

Data Element	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Student Satisfaction Rating	4.73	4.70	4.74	4.76

SOURCE: Office of Continuing and Distance Education

Data Analysis: For the years examined, individuals who enrolled in community service short courses rated their level of satisfaction with the courses above average and very near to excellent on the scale.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

D-1.2 Individuals who enroll in workforce education and training short courses will rate their level of satisfaction with the course above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale).

SATISFACTION WITH WORKFORCE EDUCATION AND TRAINING SHORT COURSES DIVISION OF CONTINUING EDUCATION

Data Element	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Student Satisfaction Rating	4.70	4.76	4.78	4.77

SOURCE: Office of Continuing and Distance Education

Data Analysis: Individuals who enrolled in workforce education and training short courses rated their level of satisfaction with the courses above average.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

D-1.4 The number of workforce training courses for business and industry and enrollment in these courses will increase each year.

Data Element	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Number of Contract Classes	411	433	437	293
Total Student Enrollment	5,726	5,469	4,012	3,339
% Enrollment Variance	-7.8%	-4.5%	-26.6%	-16.8%

CONTRACT CLASSES FOR CUSTOMIZED TRAINING

SOURCE: Office of Continuing and Distance Education

Data Analysis: The number of workforce training classes for business and industry increased from FY 2011 to FY 2013 by 6.3%, before declining to 293 courses in FY 2014. Enrollment in workforce training courses has declined 41.7% during this time period. Course offerings are contingent upon employer demand for specialized training as well as regional economic conditions which have lagged in the past two years.

The standard is not met for the most recent period.

Action Plan: The Dean of Continuing and Distance Education will continue to monitor enrollment in training classes and survey business and industry for potential new training opportunities.

Measurement D-2: Interaction with Community

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

D-2.1 Respondents to the External Constituent Survey will rate the functions of the College related to its role and scope as being important for the College to perform (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale).

COLLEGE FUNCTION RANKED BY IMPORTANCE FROM EXTERNAL CONSTITUENT SURVEY

Critical Core Process	2007-08	2011-12
Preparation for university transfer	4.89	4.76
Preparation for employment (technical education)	4.82	4.75
Programs to improve or upgrade job skills	4.58	4.42
Workforce development that supports economic development	4.55	4.47
Developmental programs for college preparation	4.32	4.21
Programs and services for student success	4.53	4.54
Comprehensive curriculum linking general and technical education	4.62	4.49
Incorporate technology in the curriculum	4.68	4.64
Provide programs which meet professional development needs	4.30	4.19
Provide general education linked to learning outcomes	4.57	4.24
Deliver instructional programs off-campus via distance education	4.41	4.36
Accessible educational programs	4.57	4.43
Build partnerships to meet community needs	4.45	4.32
Seek financial support from private sources	4.45	4.27

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: Respondents to the External Constituent Survey are asked to indicate how important it is for the College to perform the critical core processes related to its mission, role and scope. The survey statements are aligned with the College's institutional outcomes contained in the Mission Statement. In preparation for updating the College's Institutional Plan for 2015-2020, the survey was administered in the spring of 2011. As in previous surveys, respondents rated all critical core processes as being important for the College to perform (M>4.0). The data suggests that external constituents see South Plains College as fulfilling an important role in providing higher education opportunities for the residents of the College's service area. The survey data was used by

the Institutional Effectiveness Committee to evaluate the Mission Statement and based on this analysis and other data assisted in revising the Mission Statement for the 2015-2020 Institutional Plan.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

D-2.2 Respondents to the External Constituent Survey will rate the College's performance of its critical functions and services as better than average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale).

COLLEGE FUNCTION RANKED BY PERFORMANCE FROM EXTERNAL CONSTITUENT SURVEY

Critical Core Process	2007-08	2011-12
Preparation for university transfer	4.52	4.36
Preparation for employment (technical education)	4.47	4.45
Programs to improve or upgrade job skills	4.18	3.97
Workforce development that supports economic development	4.14	3.95
Developmental programs for college preparation	4.25	4.20
Programs and services for student success	4.09	3.96
Comprehensive curriculum linking general and technical education	4.20	4.03
Incorporate technology in the curriculum	4.24	4.14
Provide programs which meet professional development needs	3.99	3.68
Provide general education linked to learning outcomes	4.03	3.88
Deliver instructional programs off-campus via distance education	4.08	3.95
Accessible educational programs	4.18	4.17
Build partnerships to meet community needs	4.08	3.96
Seek financial support from private sources	3.87	3.75

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: Respondents to the External Constituent Survey are asked to rate how well the College performs the critical core processes related to its mission, role and scope. In preparation for updating the College's Institutional Plan for 2015-2020, the survey was administered in the spring of 2011. As in previous surveys, respondents rated the College's performance of all critical core processes above the 3.50 mean benchmark (M>3.75). The data suggests that external constituents believe SPC is doing a good job and they see visible evidence that the College is working to address community needs and improve its programs. The survey data was used by the Institutional Effectiveness Committee to evaluate the Mission Statement and based on this analysis and other data assisted in revising the Mission Statement for the 2015-2020 Institutional Plan.

D-2.3 The College will annually serve at least 7 percent of the civilian workforce population residing in the college service area.

Year	Standard	Service Area Civilian Workforce*	Annual Enrollment	Percent of Population
2010-11	7%	208,291	19,820	9.5%
2011-12	7%	211,187	19,093	9.0%
2012-13	7%	210,095	17,355	8.3%
2013-14	7%	209,251	16,339	7.9%

COMPARISON OF WORKFORCE POPULATION SERVED

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

*Texas Workforce Commission Employment Data

Data Analysis: Annual enrollment figures reported here include unduplicated headcounts in college-credit and developmental courses, and enrollments in non-credit workforce development short courses. The service area civilian workforce is determined from Texas Workforce Commission employment data reported in June of each year. Some duplication of individuals may be present in the numbers of students who enroll in non-credit courses and later enroll in credit courses in a given year.

The standard is met in all years examined.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

D-2.4 All active technical programs will have an advisory committee of business and professional representatives that will meet with program faculty at least one time each academic year.

INTERACTION WITH TECHNICAL PROGRAM ADVISORY COMMITTEES

Data Elements	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Number of Active Technical Programs	30	30	30	30
Number of Programs in Compliance	30	30	30	30
Percent of Programs in Compliance	100%	100%	100%	100%

SOURCE: Vice President for Academic Affairs Office, SPC

Data Analysis: In order to keep technical programs up-to-date with industry standards and expectations, faculty consult with advisory committee personnel who review the curriculum and program training that is provided.

The standard is met in all years examined.

Measurement D-3: Partnerships and Alliances

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

D-3.1 The College will maintain partnerships and alliances with other entities which enhance the College's ability to serve students and the community.

Status Report: The following alliances and partnerships were in existence during the time studied.

Articulated dual credit partnerships are being maintained with 61 area high schools, four private schools and two charter schools.

South Plains College continues to develop an academic alliance with Texas Tech University for the purpose of providing undergraduate instruction for Texas Tech students.

The partnership between SPC and Lubbock ISD continues to provide and expand the educational and instructional opportunities at the Byron Martin Advanced Technology Center.

The College partnership with the Lubbock Reese Redevelopment Authority has allowed the College to continue its use of educational buildings at the former air base for teaching courses at the Reese Center.

SPC partnered with the Region 17 Education Service Center to deliver dual credit instructions over its distance education network. The ITV network expanded from 40 remote sites to 62 sites.

SPC continues a partnership agreement with Lubbock County to provide workforce education at the Lubbock County Community Residential Treatment Facility.

The College works closely with the Lubbock Economic Development Alliance to plan workforce training and assessment to assist small business employers with training needs.

The College maintained active membership in the Levelland Chamber of Commerce, the Lubbock Chamber of Commerce, and the Plainview Chamber of Commerce.

The College is a active partner in the South Plains Closing the Gaps P-20 Council, a partnership between community and educational organizations designed to increase student participation and success in Pre-K to postsecondary education.

SPC, in cooperation with Texas Tech University, implemented the Tech Transfer Acceleration Program program (TTAP) in which SPC provides courses and instruction to students on the TTU campus. This program is a hybrid of the Gateway program and the TTU Provisional Admittance program. 163 students participated in TTAP in 2013-14.

The Division of Continuing and Distance Education maintains a partnership with the Denver City Chamber of Commerce, Denver City Independent School District, Yoakum County Hospital and Shinnery Oaks Nursing Home to operate a Learning Center in Denver City for the purpose of delivering workforce development and general education courses.

The Division of Continuing and Distance Education maintains a partnership with the Muleshoe Chamber of Commerce, Muleshoe Area Educational Foundation, Muleshoe Area Hospital District and Muleshoe Independent School District to operate a Learning Center in Muleshoe for the purpose of delivering workforce development and general education courses.

The Division of Continuing and Distance Education maintains a partnership with the Crosbyton Chamber of Commerce, Crosbyton Independent School District, Crosbyton Nursing Home and Rehab to operate a Learning Center in Crosbyton for the purpose of delivering workforce development and general education courses.

CSF E: Effective Leadership and Management

Measurement E-1: Cooperative Planning and Goal Attainment

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-1.1 The level of employee satisfaction with planning and effectiveness processes will be above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale) as measured by the Employee Survey.

Data Elements	2008	2010	2012	2014
Informed about Planning Effort	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0
Opportunity for Input into Planning	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.6
Involved in Planning Effort	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5
Knowledge of Planning Documents	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.8
Composite Rating for Planning Process	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7

EMPLOYEE SATISFACTION WITH PLANNING PROCESS REPORT FROM BIENNIAL EMPLOYEE SURVEY

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: The composite rating for the planning process meets or exceeds the benchmark standard for all four reported periods. Respondents to the Employee Survey expressed above average satisfaction with planning efforts in all categories. Executive leadership will continue to educate those involved in strategic and operational planning as to the importance and use of planning data and documents which result from planning efforts. TaskStream, the College's assessment management system, has provided for consistent and uniform documentation of planning and assessment activities. The mean scores for two categories improved slightly, while the composite score stayed the same for the most recent reporting period. The Office of Institutional Advancement will oversee the administration of the Employee Survey during the 2016 spring semester.

The standard is met.

Measurement E-2: Management of Resources

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-2.1 The level of employee satisfaction with the budgetary process as measured by the Employee Survey will be above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale).

EMPLOYEE SATISFACTION WITH BUDGETARY PROCESS REPORT FROM BIENNIAL EMPLOYEE SURVEY

Data Elements	2008	2010	2012	2014
Involvement in Budget Process	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5
Satisfaction with Budget Process	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Budget Reflects Institutional Objectives	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7
Sufficient Resources to Do Job	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
Composite Rating for Budgetary Process	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: Employee satisfaction with the budgetary process remains above average. Executive leadership will continue to provide more information about the budgetary process and to encourage employee input into planning and budgeting. The Office of Institutional Advancement will oversee the administration of the Employee Survey during the 2016 spring semester.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-2.2 The level of employee satisfaction with administrative support services will be above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale).

Administrative Processes	2005	2009	2012
Purchasing Office and Operations (DPS)	3.74	3.79	3.90
Campus Copy Center and Copy Services	4.15	4.46	4.43
Telephone Communication System and Services	3.92	4.26	4.11
Campus Post Office and Mail Services	NA	4.28	4.18
Marketing and Recruitment Office and Services	3.51	3.82	3.61
Physical Plant, Maintenance and Custodial Services	3.93	4.10	4.03
Human Resources Office and Services	3.84	4.26	4.30
Wellness and Fitness Program	NA	3.59	3.57
Business Office and Services	3.96	4.16	4.15
Development and Alumni Relations Office and Services	3.69	3.92	4.02
Information Technology Office and Services	3.95	4.11	3.85
Campus Food Service	3.81	4.02	4.06
Campus Bookstore Services	3.96	3.86	3.78

EMPLOYEE SATISFACTION WITH ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT SERVICES FROM SUPPORT SERVICES SURVEY

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: The Administrative Support Services Survey was developed by the Institutional Effectiveness Committee and first administered in 2005. The survey statements were revised in Fall 2008 to align better with the services provided in administrative areas, and the survey was administered in Spring 2009. Service area directors and supervisors recommended minor revisions to the survey that were made for the 2012 administration. Respondents were asked to rate their level of agreement with 42 satisfaction statements on a scale of 1 (strongly disagree) to 5 (strongly agree). Arithmetic means were calculated for each scaled statement, and a composite mean was calculated for each service area. Employee satisfaction with administrative services is generally above average in that all service area satisfaction means exceeded the 3.5 benchmark. The Administrative Support Services Survey will be administered in 2015.

E-2.3 The annual audit of financial statements and accounting procedures by independent, state and federal auditors will produce no qualified opinions or material internal control weak-nesses.

Data Elements	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-13	FY 2013-14
Independent Audit Exceptions or Management Letters	None	None	None
State Audit Exceptions or Management Letters	None	None	None
Federal Audit Exceptions or Management Letters	None	None	None

RESULTS OF ANNUAL AUDIT OPINIONS

SOURCE: Annual Audit Reports

Data Analysis: Financial audits for the years examined produced no qualified opinions or identified material internal control weaknesses.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-2.4 The distribution of college resources by major college function will demonstrate stability over time.

DISTRIBUTION OF COLLEGE RESOURCES BY MAJOR COLLEGE FUNCTION

College Function	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Instruction	53.4%	54.8%	54.8%	52.1%	51.4%
Academic Support	4.8%	5.1%	5.2%	5.0%	4.9%
Student Services	13.5%	12.8%	12.9%	12.6%	12.6%
Institutional Support	9.4%	9.7%	9.8%	9.8%	9.9%
Operation and Plant Maintenance	11.4%	11.2%	11.2%	12.1%	12.0%
Auxiliary Enterprises	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.4%	6.1%
Public Service	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	2.4%	2.3%
Debt Service	0.2%	0.1%	0.6%	0.6%	0.9%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

SOURCE: Annual Audit Reports, SPC

Data Analysis: The expenditure of funds demonstrates stability. The major expenditure is for instruction, followed by students services, operation and plant maintenance and institutional support. The percentage of resources distributed to instruction has decreased 2.0 percentage points in the past five years, while the percentage of resources for student services has declined by 0.9 percentage points. Resources to all other college functional areas have remained stable.

E-2.5 Institutional support as a percentage of total expenditures will compare favorably with peer group and statewide costs for public community colleges.

Data Elements	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
SPC Administrative Cost Percentage	8.4%	8.8%	8.9%	9.0%
Peer Group Administrative Cost Percentage	13.5%	14.5%	15.2%	16.6%
Variance	-5.1	-5.7	-6.3	-7.6

PERCENTAGE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS

SOURCE: CC Accountability System, THECB

Data Analysis: For the fiscal years reported, SPC administrative costs, as a percentage of total expenditures, are lower than costs for the Large College Peer Group. Statewide data for this measure is not available.

The standard is met for the years reported.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-2.6 The College's Composite Financial Index as computed by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board will not fall below the ratio threshold for potential financial stress.

Core Financial Indicator	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Primary Reserve Ratio Measures financial strength and flexibility; compares expendable net assets to total expenses. Threshold for potential financial stress: <.13	0.18	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.21
Viability Ratio Measures financial health and ability to cover long-term debt with existing resources. Threshold for potential financial stress: <.41	6.23	3.75	1.81	1.43	0.84
Return on Net Assets Ratio Measures total economic return. Is institution better off than a year ago? Threshold for potential financial stress: < 0%	10.3%	8.52%	2.99%	3.16%	3.0%
Operating Margin Ratio Indicates an operating surplus or deficit. Are oper- ating expenses balanced with available revenue? Threshold for potential financial stress: < 0%	6.9%	6.2%	3.1%	3.8%	3.0%
Composite Financial Index Measures overall financial health of an institution by combining the four Core Financial Ratios. Threshold for potential financial stress: < 2.0	7.72	5.42	2.79	2.62	2.00

COMPOSITE FINANCIAL INDEX RATIOS

SOURCE: Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board, *Financial Condition Analysis of Texas Public Community College District, 2012* *Ratios computed by Controller's Office using THECB formulas.

Data Analysis: The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board is required by the Texas Legislature to prepare an annual analysis of the financial condition of Texas community colleges. The THECB calculates four core financial ratios that are combined into a Composite Financial Index (CFI). The College monitors these four financial ratios which include the following: Primary Reserve Ratio, Viability Ratio, Return on Net Assets Ratio, and Net Operating Revenues Ratio. Thresholds have been established for the four CFI ratios to indicate potential financial stress on the institution. These thresholds are indicated in the above data table. For the years reported, the College exceeded the minimum thresholds for all four financial ratios and the overall CFI target. These financial ratios are indicators of the financial well-being of the College and provide evidence that the College has benefitted from sustained financial stability.

The standard is met.

Measurement E-3: Acquisition of Public/Private Resources

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-3.1 The distribution of income by major source will demonstrate stability over time.

Income Sources	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Student Tuition and Fees	37.6%	39.3%	43.7%	42.0%	41.4%
State Appropriations	35.6%	34.4%	30.5%	29.1%	29.6%
Ad Valorem Tax Collections	16.5%	18.3%	18.9%	21.0%	20.5%
Govt. Grants and Contracts	6.1%	3.8%	3.0%	3.1%	3.7%
Private Gifts and Grants	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%
Auxiliary Sources	3.3%	3.3%	3.3%	3.6%	3.6%
Other Sources	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	1.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

DISTRIBUTION OF COLLEGE RESOURCES BY MAJOR COLLEGE FUNCTION

SOURCE: Annual Audit Reports, SPC

Data Analysis: The income from various sources demonstrates stability, even though the burden of funding college operations has shifted to student tuition and fees since FY 2003. During FY 2014, student tuition and fees funded 41.4% of the College's operations. State appropriations have continued to fund a smaller percentage of the overall operations of South Plains College, dropping from 35.6% in FY 2010 to 29.6% in FY 2014. Local sources of revenue have increased, reflecting rising mineral values within the College's Tax District. The return of federal tax dollars in the form of grants and student federal financial aid (\$32,648,834 in FY 2014) from Washington and the return of state grants and appropriations (\$18,243,214) from Austin are major contributors to the local economy. The sum of those two sources (\$50.9 million) turns over 3.5 times (a very conservative number) in the local economy and has an economic impact of approximately \$178 million annually. The \$178 million would represent a return of \$14.14 for each local tax dollar (\$12,638,839) invested in the College enterprise.

E-3.2	The acquisition of federal,	state and local	grants will	exhibit steady	growth over time.

Funding Category	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Federal Grant Funds	\$2,241,824	\$1,586,082	\$1,585,939	\$2,044,644
State Grant Funds	\$549,581	\$228,814	\$426,159	\$231,414
Local Grant Funds	645,614	\$867,366	\$764,707	\$740,007
Total External Funds	\$3,424,213	\$2,682,262	\$2,776,805	\$3,016,665
Annual Variance	-20.5%	-21.7%	3.5%	8.6%

ACQUISITION OF FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: South Plains College has made a concerted effort to acquire external funding in the form of federal, state and local grants to support the educational program of the College. After declining -20.5% in FY 2011 and -21.7% in FY 2012 due to reductions in Federal Perkins grant funding and the completion of a Title V Cooperative Arrangement Grant project and Department of Labor CBJT grant projects, external funds have increased 12.5%. In FY 2014, the College received a \$475,000 grant from the Economic Development Administration of the U.S. Department of Commerce to construct the Technology Building next to the Plainview Center. Additionally, FY 2014 marked the final year for the College's Title V Strengthening HSI Program grant. A new grant application was written that year, but it did not score sufficiently to receive funding. A revised grant application will be developed and submitted in 2014-15.

The standard is met.

Action Plan: The Vice President for Institutional Advancement will study the feasibility of establishing a Grants Office with appropriate staffing and resources to identify and seek external funding sources for college projects and operations.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-3.3 Contributions to the annual fund of the Foundation will exhibit steady growth over time and will result in an increase in net assets.

Fiscal Year	Annual Contributions	Percent Change	Total Year-End Assets	Net Change in Assets	Percent Change
2010-11	\$1,363,687	42.6%	\$10,065,705	\$1,515,144	18.1%
2011-12	\$1,215,920	-10.8%	\$11,220,685	\$1,154,980	11.5%
2012-13	\$3,391,425	178.9%	\$15,052,760	\$3,832,075	34.2%
2013-14	\$1,085,396	-68.0%	\$17,917,683	\$2,864,923	19.0%

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SPC FOUNDATION

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: The annual contributions to the South Plains College Foundation serve as a measure of constituent support for the College. The amounts reported here reflect actual contributions made directly to the Foundation by donors. For the years examined, contributions to the annual fund of the Foundation have exceeded \$1 million for each year. Record giving was recorded for 2012-13, due primarily to the receipt of a \$2 million gift from the J.T. and Margaret Talkington Charitable

Foundation to establish a scholarshp endowment. Net assets to the Foundation increased 34.2% for FY 2013 and 19.0% for FY 2014 due to sound investment strategies for endowment assets as well as increased giving. Since FY 2011, the Foundation's net assets have increased 78.0%.

The standard is met.

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-3.4 The number of donors to the annual fund will exhibit steady growth over time.

Fiscal Year	Individual Donors	% Change	Total Number of Gifts	% Change
2010-11	611	-6.6%	2,745	1.1%
2011-12	680	11.3%	2,649	-3.5%
2012-13	650	-4.4%	2,478	-6.4%
2013-14	601	-7.5%	2,428	-2.0%

ANNUAL NUMBER OF DONORS TO THE SPC FOUNDATION

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: The number of donors to the annual fund measures the base of support for charitable giving to the Foundation. For the most recent fiscal year, the number of donors and number of gifts declined. Since FY 2011, the number of donors providing gifts has averaged about 635 individual each year. For FY 2014, the number of donors decreased -7.5% and the number of gifts -2.0%.

The standard is not met.

Action Plan: The Vice President for Institutional Advancement and Director of Development, working with the Foundation Baord of Directors, will develop strategies for building greater alumni and donor engagement and support.

Measurement E-4: Facility Development

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

E-4.1 The level of employee satisfaction with facilities, safety and security as measured by the Employee Survey will be above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale).

EMPLOYEE SATISFACTION WITH PHYSICAL FACILITIES REPORT FROM BIENNIAL EMPLOYEE SURVEY

Data Elements	2008	2010	2012	2014
Adequacy of Physical Facilities	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Facilities are Conducive to Learning	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.2
Safe and Secure Environment	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.5
Composite Rating for Physical Facilities	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: The Employee Survey was administered in Spring 2014. The mean scores for each category and composite rating exceed the benchmark for all reported periods. The Office of Institutional Advancement will oversee the administration of the Employee Survey during the 2016 spring semester.

E-4.2 The level of student satisfaction with facilities, safety and security as measured by the Student Satisfaction Inventory will be above average (5.0 or greater on 7.0 scale).

STUDENT SATISFACTION WITH PHYSICAL FACILITIES REPORT FROM STUDENT SATISFACTION INVENTORY

Survey Statements	Fall 2007	Fall 2009	Fall 2011	Fall 2013
Campus is safe and secure for all students	5.8	6.0	6.1	6.4
Campus is well-maintained	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.5
Amount of student parking is adequate	4.6	4.8	4.9	5.6
Parking lots are well-lighted and secure	5.3	5.4	5.8	5.9
Security staff responds quickly to calls for assistance	5.4	5.5	5.6	6.0
Composite Rating for Physical Facilities	5.4	5.6	5.7	6.1

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Effectiveness and Assessment, SPC

Data Analysis The Noel-Levitz Student Satisfaction Inventory measures student satisfaction with a variety of college services and attributes. The Student Satisfaction Inventory was administered during the Fall 2013 semester. The survey includes five statements related to facilities, safety and security. The data indicate that students are generally satisfied with the College's campus environment. The composite score for this area improved to 6.1 from the prior survey administration.

The standard is met.

CSF F: Collaborative Organizational Climate

Measurement F-1: Ongoing Professional Development

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

F-1.1 The level of employee satisfaction with opportunities for professional development as measured by the Employee Survey will be above average (3.5 or greater on 5.0 scale).

EMPLOYEE SATISFACTION WITH PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES REPORT FROM BIENNIAL EMPLOYEE SURVEY

Survey Statement	2008	2010	2012	2014
Satisfaction with Opportunities for Professional Development	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.1

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: The Employee Survey was administered in Spring 2014. Employee satisfaction with opportunities for professional development exceeded the 3.5 mean benchmark for all employee groups that were surveyed. The Office of Institutional Advancement will oversee the administration of the Employee Survey during the 2016 spring semester.

Measurement F-2: Employee Diversity

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

F-2.1 The College will demonstrate progress toward increasing the number and percentage of minority faculty, administration and professional staff to reflect the ethnicity of the student population within five percentage points parity.

Deco/Ethnicity	Fall	2011	Fall 2012		Fall 2013	
Race/Ethnicity	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Anglo	379	88.1%	359	87.1%	357	86.9%
African-American	9	2.1%	8	1.9%	8	1.9%
Hispanic	36	8.4%	39	9.5%	40	9.7%
Asian	6	1.4%	6	1.5%	6	1.5%
Total	430	100%	412	100%	411	100%
	Percent of	Student Pop	ulation (Fall	Enrollment)		
Anglo		55.0%		53.1%		50.9%
African-American		5.3%		5.6%		5.9%
Hispanic	34.8%		37.2% 39.2%			
Asian		1.2%	1.4% 1.5%			1.5%
Other Ethnic Origin		3.7%		2.7%		2.5%

ETHNICITY OF FACULTY AND PROFESSIONAL STAFF

SOURCE: Office of Human Resources, SPC

Data Analysis: The data which reflects the diversity of faculty and professional staff are reported by the Human Resources Office. Employee data for this table is reported as of Oct. 1 of each year. In the professional area, the College has increased the number of Hispanic professionals by four individuals over the past three reporting periods. The number of African-American professional staff has declined by one individual. The number of Asian professionals have remained unchanged over this time. However, significant gaps exist primarily among Hispanic professionals when compared to the diversity of the SPC student body (-29.5 percentage points for Hispanic students). While the gap for African-American professionals is -3.8 percentage points and within the range of variation, the College recognizes that this gap needs to improve toward parity over time, as well.

The standard is not met for the Hispanic employee group.

Action Plan: The Human Relations Office will continue to actively seek to increase the diversity of its pool of qualified applicants for professional positions at the College.

F-2.2 Other full-time employees of the College will reflect the ethnicity of the student population of the College within five percentage points parity.

Dece/Ethnicity	Fall	2011	Fall 2012		Fall 2013	
Race/Ethnicity	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Anglo	84	47.5%	99	52.7%	82	47.2%
African-American	2	1.1%	2	1.0%	2	1.1%
Hispanic	91	51.4%	87	46.3%	90	51.7%
Asian	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total	177	100%	188	100%	174	100%
	Percent of	Student Pop	ulation (Fall	Enrollment)		
Anglo		55.0%		53.1%		50.9%
African-American		5.3%		5.6%		5.9%
Hispanic		34.8% 37.2%				39.2%
Asian		1.2%	1.4%		1.5%	
Other Ethnic Origin		3.7%	2.7%		2.5%	

ETHNICITY OF CLASSIFIED SUPPORT STAFF

SOURCE: Office of Human Resources, SPC

Data Analysis: The data which reflects the diversity of classified support staff is reported by the Human Resources Office. Employee data for this table is reported as of Oct. 1 of each year. For this group, the percentage of Hispanic employees currently exceeds the percentage of Hispanic students who enroll at SPC by +12.5 percentage points. The percentage of African-American employees was 1.1% for Fall 2013, -4.8 percentage points less than the SPC student body. This gap is reaching the outer limits of the range of variation. The College recognizes that this gap needs to improve toward parity over time. The Human Resources Office will continue to actively seek to increase the diversity of its pool of qualified applicants for classified positions at the College.

Measurement F-3: Employee Satisfaction

BENCHMARK AND RESULTS

F-3.1 Composite scores on all subscales of the Employee Survey will be at least 3.5 on 5.0 scale.

Survey Subscales	2008	2010	2012	2014
Student Focus	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.4
Learning Focus	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3
Access and Diversity	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3
Employee Focus	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.0
Employee Empowerment	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0
Supervisory Management	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1
Cooperation and Teamwork	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.8
Rewards and Recognition	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.6
Quality Work Environment	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0
Organizational Communications	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6
Internal Customer Focus	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1
Physical Environment	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3
Community Focus	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.1
Leadership Focus	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8
Planning and Effectiveness	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7
Leadership	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Budgeting and Resources	38	3.8	3.7	3.7

EMPLOYEE SURVEY RESULTS REPORT FROM BIENNIAL EMPLOYEE SURVEY

SOURCE: Office of Institutional Advancement, SPC

Data Analysis: The biennial Employee Survey measures employee satisfaction and the organizational climate of the College. Survey statement are correlated with the College's seven areas of commitment which form the organizational values of the institution. For the data presented here, employees continue to rate student focus, learning focus and access and diversity as important strengths for the College. These subscales and those for employee focus, quality work environment, and community focus scored a 4.0 composite mean. All subscale categories meet or exceed the 3.5 benchmark for the most recent survey results. The Office of Institutional Advancement will oversee the administration of the Employee Survey during the 2016 spring semester.